West Virginia Writers' Project RESEARCH IDENTIFICATION REPORT

Research Worker Juanita S. Dilley Date Research Taken May 22

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#### Hailroad

from New York brings a letter from Mr. Robert Earle of
Marton, Kansas, with reminiscences of the building of the
Greenbrier Railway in 1899. He was a foreman with the J. J.
Strang Company the first contractor who arrived in September,
1899; pitched their tamp of fine army tents salvaged from the
recent Spanish American war, and began operations a mile
below Marlinton at the Kee Place on Still House Run (now
Stillwell), running into a lot of rattle snakes and copperheads the first day in the jungles.

There was a fine outfit of big Missouri mules and draft
horses to operate the plows and scrapers. This being before
the days of steam shovels, and the crew was mainly colored

Ten recruited for the duration of the job in worth warbling
and virginia, who were held in a sort of benevolent subjection
until such time as it pleased the management to let them
settle with the quartermaster and return whence they came.
Incidentally, the bosses and many of the laborers carried
the state of the same as a state of the same were often
shot, but they were just buried and no questions asked.

one now living of Strangs' foremen and bosses, and he is living in retirement from construction work. All of the others seem to have met with some more or less violent ends.

strong was killed in a runaway accident in "ew "ersey;

wels Engstrom died in a straight jacket in Gleveland; Dan Foley died in Kansas City; Dob vanstan was last heard of in Pittsburg in 1920; Mike Golden dropped his gun on the floor down in Oklahoma and it went off and killed him. Mike Calvin was killed in the Philippines. These men are remembered by the older inhabitants hereabouts who worked on the building of the railroad.

The editors brother, who was at that time working on the paper, is a witness to the snake killing referred to by Mr. Earle, and dissected out one of the big ones for his museum of natural history."

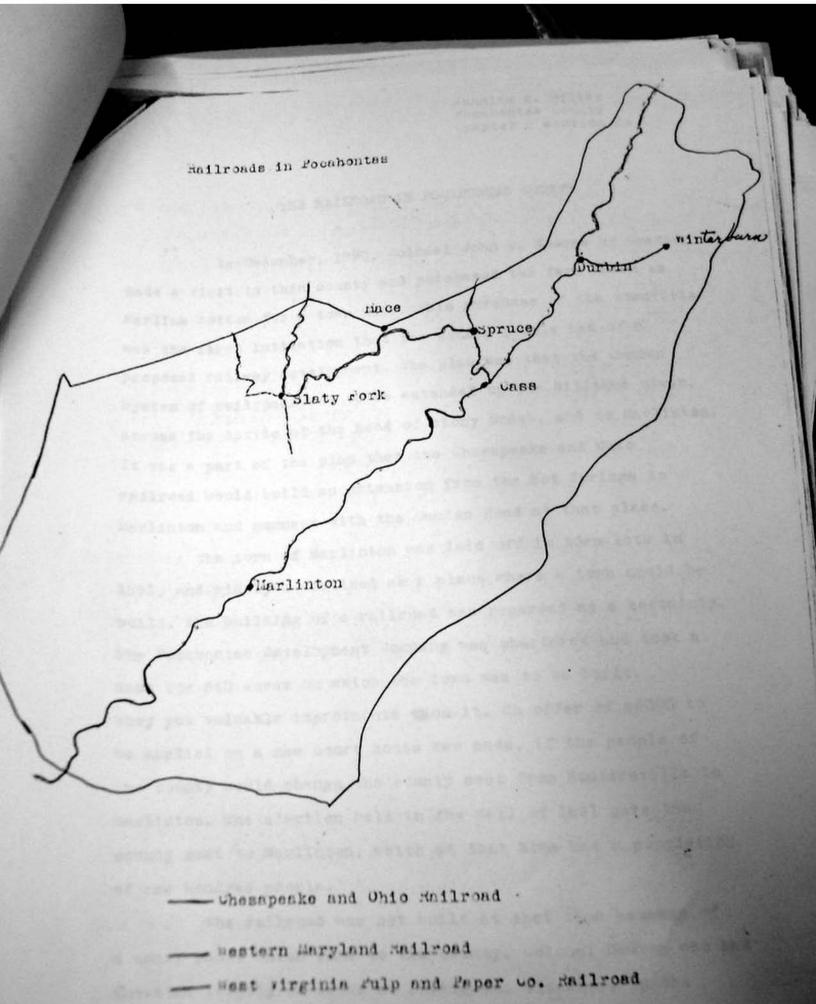
N. R. P.

from---Pocahontas Times, reb. 8, 1940 by Norman R. Price

# West Virginia Writers' Project RESEARCH IDENTIFICATION REPORT

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court necords	Survey-Focanonicas Commence
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Mrs. P. F. Eades, Durbin,	W. Va.

\*\* History of Pocahontas -- W. T. Price



### THE RAILROAD IN POCAHONTAS COUNTY

In December, 1890, colonel John T. McGraw of Grafton made a visit to this county and purchased the farm known as Marlins bottom for a town site. This purchase of the town site was the first intimation that the county people had of a proposed railway development. The plan was that the Camden System of railroads was to be extended up the williams giver, across the divide at the head of Stony creek, and to Marlinton. It was a part of the plan that the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad would build an extension from the Hot Springs to Marlinton and connect with the Camden Road at that place.

The town of Marlinton was laid off in town lots in 1891, and widely advertised as a place where a town could be built. The building of a railroad was regarded as a certainty. The Pocahontas Development Company was chartered and took a deed for 640 acres on which the town was to be built. They put valuable improvments on it. An offer of \$5000 to be applied on a new court house was made, if the people of the county would change the county seat from Huntersvills to Earlinton. The election held in the fall of 1891 gave the county seat to Marlinton, which at that hime had a population of one hundred people.

The railroad was not built at that time because of a money panic which came to the county. Colonel McGraw who had invested largely in lands at Durbin and elsewhere in the county never ceased to try to interest capitalists in this county and to try to develop it with a railroad.

mis attention was called to the natural grade for a railroad up Greenbrier River, so he had a survey made from Roncevert to Marlinton at a cost of \$10,000. and it was on this location that the railroad was afterwards built.

The Greenbrier Division of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway was begun in 1899. It is a branch of the main line at Whitcomb. Greenbrier county, and extends northward across this county into Pocahontas county, following the Greenbrier River to its northern termination at Winterburn Station(Thornwood P. O. ) At Durbin it connects with the Western Maryland Railway. It was completed to Marlinton in 1900. The arrival of the first train to that place in that same year was made a public ceremony. Some thousands gathered here and barberued beef and had a celebration. That night when they returned to Roncevert, they told that when the train got to Marlinton that the great crowd gathered around the locomotive and that the engineer requested them to giverhim room to turn around they cleard a space of some acres. This of course was only a localized anecdote.

"The track was completed to cass in 1901, to Durbin in 1902, and to Winterburn in 1905. The completion of this railroad marked a new era in the prosperity of Pocahontas sounty, and has continued to be one of the most valuable assets in the county.

In reply to an inquiry regarding its construction.

first operation, and track milage, the late G. B. Wall, Vice
President, supplied the following surmary:

"The consruction of the branch began in June, 1899, and was completed in June, 1906. The date of the first operation of trains over the Greenbrier Branch in Pocahontas county was in 1900. The milage of this branch in Pocahontas county, w. Va. is, main line, 65.5 miles, with 12.73 miles of sidings."

In 1905 from a report by the Secretary of State
on the assessed valuation of railroad property in west Virginia
the Greenbrier Brahch of the C. and O. Hailroad in Pocahontas
county was given as follows: Pocahontas county- 62.95 miles
main line at a value of \$3,630. per mile, making a total value
of main line of \$228,508.50. Length of siding-- 9.37 miles
at a value of \$1,650. per mile. Total of sidings \$15,460.50.
Total value of tools and machinery,\$440.00
value of buildings and real estate \$4,620.00
Telegraph Line-- 54 miles at a total value of \$2,240.00
Grand total of all taxable property--\$320,514.00

TALL SOLD REST RESIDENCE STREET, SHEET, SHEE

In five years, 1900 to 1905, Pocah mitas wounty changed from being one of the few counties in the state without a railroad to the county having the greatest railroad milage in the state. The county began to develop at once. From 1900 to 1910 Pocahontes had an increase in population of 727 which was largely due to the construction of the railroad. Fumber towns sprang up all along the route and booming days for the county began. Marlinton changed from a town of 171 people to one with 1,645 by 1910 and to 1,117 in 1920. The wreenbrier Tannery of the Union Tanning Company of New York was built at Marlinton in 1901, and employed around 150 men. The focaboutes Tannery at Frank was built soon after the completion of the railroad to that place. The farmers now had a way to get their cattle, sheep, poultry and other farm products to market without driving the overland to another state. It was no longer necessary to go to Millboro and other railroad centers out of the county and heul in goods by wagon train. Since there were four passenger trains per day up and down the preenbrier River much of the travel to and from Marlinton the county seat and other points on the railroad was by train until the coming of the automobile and good roads made it more convenient to travel by automobile.

At the present there is the one passanger, up from noncevert in the forenoon and back down in the afternoon. It has a gasolone engine instead of steam. The freight goes up one day and back down the next.

The stations and postoffices are as follows: Entering Pocahontas on Droop Mountain 34.8 miles from noncebert. the first stop is

----- 41.3 miles from Honcevert Seebert----- 48.6

Watoga----- 50.9 miles from moncevert

Buckeye----- 55.0 " " "

Warlinton----- 58.9 " " "

Clover Lick----73.9 " " "

Sitlington-----79.7 " " "

Cass------ 83.5 " " "

Hosterman----- 90.9 " " "

Boyer (Nottingham P.O.)

Durbin------98.4 " " "

Bartow------ 100.9 " " "

Winterburn(Thornwood P. O.) 103.7 miles from noncevert
Other post offices in the county but situated on star or
rural free delivery routes are:

Boyer, Burr, Edray, Frost,

breen Bank, Hillsboro, Jacox, Huntersville,

Linwood, Lobelia, Mace, Mill Point,

Onoto, Slaty Fork, Spice, Minnehaha Springs,

Woodrow.

#### Railroads

Western Maryland mailroad -- Spruce Branch

this branch of the railroad was built by the Greenbrier, theat and alk mailroad tompany in 1911. Their vertificate of Incorporation as found in Deed Book 46 page 288 is as follows. " September 27, 1910. The railroad which this corporation proposes to build will commence at or near semis in mandolph in wounty on the Shavers Fork of Cheat River t'ence by the most practicable route by way of the valley of Shavers Fork of Cheat giver into Polahontas county to the waters of Big Spring prench of alk diver and by way of the valley of alk to some point near Webster Springs in Webster County; with a branch up the Old sield Fork of alk miver to some point on the Marlinton and wemden mailroad in Focahontas; with a branch line from that point at or near the mouth of slety rork and up slaty fork wreek to a point on the c and O Railroad at clover Lick; and with a branch line from some point at or near the mouth of Valley Fork of alk miver in mandolph county. The principal business office to be at Cass.

The capital stock was \$50,000 divided into shares of \$100. each. The shareholders were:

## WESTERN MARYLAND RAILROAD in POUAHONTAS Durbin Branch

"The Durbin Branch of the "estern Maryland Kailway extends from Elkins in Handolph County, to Durbin and there connects with the Bhesapeake and Ohio Railroad-Greenbrier Division According to J. W. Broome, Superintendent, this branch was completed by the Coal and Iron Railway Company on August 1, 1903, and was purchased by the present owners on November 1, 1905. In Pocahontas County there are 17.62 miles of main track with 2.01 miles of sidings."

#### Spruce Branch

" During 1928 the Western Haryland Railway Company purchased that portion of the Greenbrier, Cheat and Elk mailroad beginning at Cheat Junction in Randolph county, and extending south along shavers Fork to Spruce, where it turns west, crossing through the mountains passes between the headwaters or Tygart, Cheat and Elk Rivers, and then down sig Spring fork of alk hiver to thetyillage of Slaty Fork. From this point it extends northwestward down main Elk River, and passes into mandolph county at the mouth of Douglas Fork. This railroad is entirely of standard gauge, the principal function of which in previous years was a log carrier for the West Virginia Pulp and Paper Company. This railroad will provide a general freight and passenger service in this territory, which also includes extensive coal deposits of esstern Tebster, southern mandolph and northwestern Pocahontas From -- W. va. weological purvey- Paul Price-1929 Lounties."

when the coal and Iron mailroad reached what is now west Durbin and the Chesapeake and Ohio what is now Durbin. both had their surveys through what is called the marrows just above Durbin. Both roads were anxious to lay steel through the gap, but the C. and O rushed a crew in one Saturday night in October 1902. Sunday saw intense activities and when evening came a flat car loaded with ties stood at the end of the steel. That is where the switch is located going into the Pocahontas Tanning Company siding at Frank, so the C and O got ahead of the coal and Iron. They later extended their line to Winterburn. Both companies had been anxious to build into this sertion so as to open up the vast timber sections.

The Durbin branch of the Western Maryland mailroad of 17.62 miles extending from Durbin to the divide into mandolph County extended through one of the richest timber sections of the county. Lumber Companies came into this section as soon as the railroad was completed and the lumber towns of wildell, Gertrude, May. Braucher, Medeline, Ulive and Eurner sprang up and flourished for about fifteen years. The land rose in value until it was worth something like \$5,000,000 for the timber alone, and now that the timber has been cut it is held at something like \$5.00 an acre for grazing. The Coal and Iron, what a vision of wealth and prosperity that name once conjured. But now the land has been stripped of its timber and the region now looks stern and wild and naked. At least seven post offices Xall of Them) were allowed to lapse? and all of the churches were discontinued, and only one school, the wildell school, was retained. most of the land is now a part of the Monongahela Mational rorest.

West virginia Pulp and Paper Company Lumber Railroad -- Pocahontas County

"Certain portions of what was formerly the Greenbrier, wheat and Elk Hailroad was not included in the Western Maryland purchase and are now operated by the "est Virginia Pulp and Paper Company. This includes a branch from Slaty Fork extending around the eastern side of Gauley Mountain and entering Randolph county near the northern prong of Big Run, and another branch from Spruce southeastward across Back Allegheney Mountain, through a mountain pass 3,940 feet above sea level, down Leatherbark Mun, to cass where it connects with the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. According to Charles W. Luke, Manager of the Compan poerations at cass, the branch extending from blaty fork to mandolph county on cauley mountain will be taken up after the timber has been removed from that area, but the branch connecting the Chesapeake and Chio at wass with the Western Maryland at Spruce will in the future be operated by the Lumber Company as a private railroad."

From -west va. weological survey-P.Frice 1929